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Agricultural and Rural Finance Markets in Transition

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Eliminating Price Risk to Expand Capacity for Value-Added Activities

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Slide 1

Reducing Risk to Expand Capacity for Value-Added Risk in Agriculture

NC-1014 – St. Louis
By
Michael Gunderson and Brent Gloy

Slide 2

Risk In Agriculture

- Risk is widespread in agriculture
 - Output prices, yields, input prices, weather, interest rates, human resources, liability.....
- Traditionally farmers have self-insured most of these risks

Slide 3

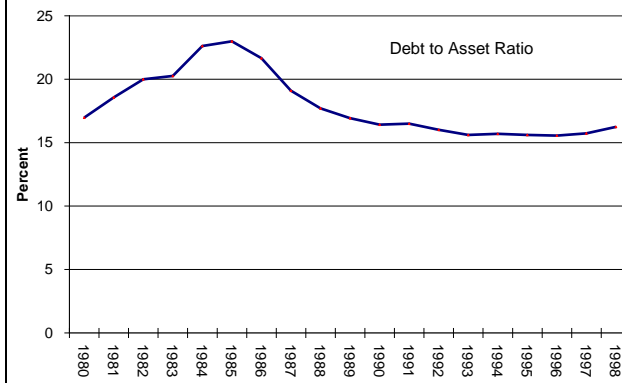
Risk Bearing Capacity and Risk Balancing

- Dominant paradigm when thinking about business level risks is the risk balancing hypothesis
 - Tradeoff between business risk and financial risk
 - Result is that as business risk increases the firm's ability to handle financial risk declines

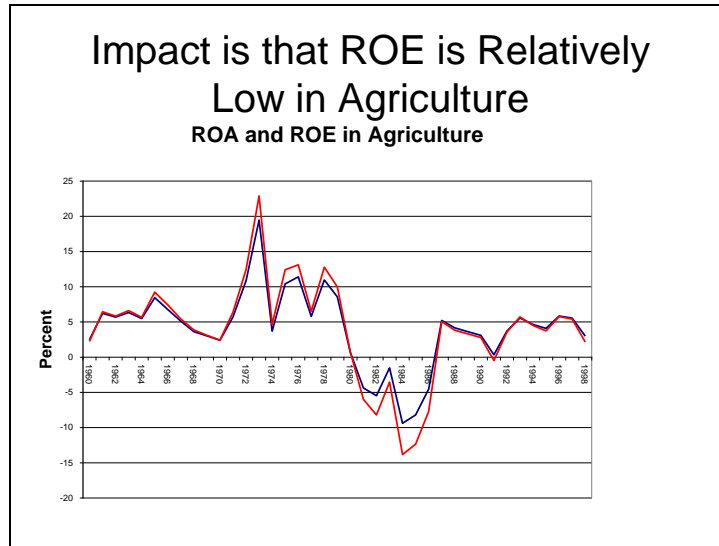
Slide 4

Result is Relatively Low Levels of Debt Use in Agriculture

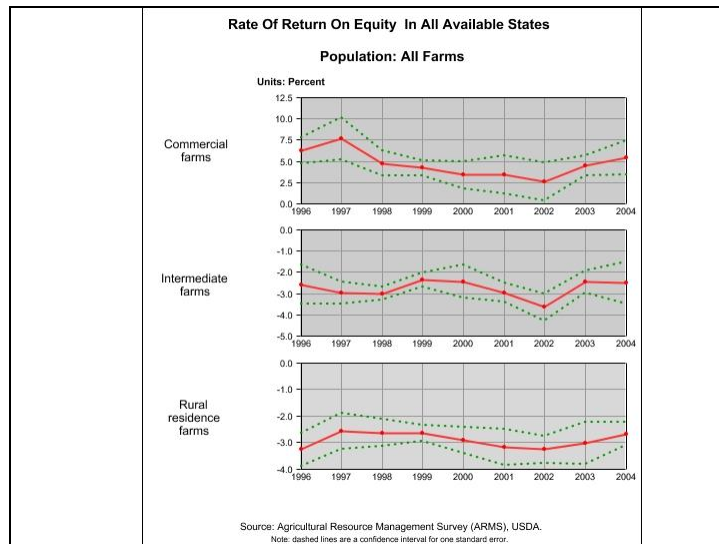
Debt Use in the United States 1980 - 1998



Slide 5



Slide 6



Risk and Leverage in Agriculture

- The relatively high level of business risk limits debt use
- Limited debt use limits ability to generate rates of return on equity that would attract outside capital
- If one could manage the risk and maintain average rate of return on assets with sound management it may be possible to greatly improve ROE without tremendously increasing total risk

Perspectives on Risk and Leverage

- Merton views equity as the ultimate insurance policy
 - The more risk you have the more equity you must hold against that risk
 - The important question then becomes what types of risks is the firm using equity to insure against
 - Complementary to risk balancing but a fundamentally different approach/view

Thinking About Risks

- Merton defines:
 - Value adding risks – those that the firm reasonably has some advantage in managing
 - Passive risks – risks inherent in the business for which others would likely have an advantage managing
- Owners job is to decide which risks are likely value adding and which are passive
- Why hold precious equity to insure passive risks?

Value Adding and Passive Risks in Agriculture

- Passive risks – price risks, liability, non-systematic yield risks (weather?)
- Value adding – systematic yield risks, human resource risks
- Plenty of tools available to manage the risks and new approaches constantly under development

The Study

- Examine the extent to which firms could use greater amounts of leverage by outsourcing risks
- Set in the dairy industry
 - Identify risks and market for these risks
 - Simulate returns and ability to handle leverage

Where We're at

- Financial model built and data collected
- Key risks
 - Prices – milk – contracting and futures, beef – contracting and futures
 - Inputs – feed cost ratio – corn, bean, alfalfa, heifers

