

The World's Largest Open Access Agricultural & Applied Economics Digital Library

## This document is discoverable and free to researchers across the globe due to the work of AgEcon Search.

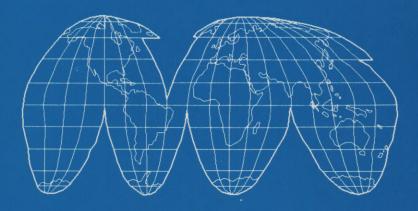
Help ensure our sustainability.

Give to AgEcon Search

AgEcon Search
<a href="http://ageconsearch.umn.edu">http://ageconsearch.umn.edu</a>
aesearch@umn.edu

Papers downloaded from **AgEcon Search** may be used for non-commercial purposes and personal study only. No other use, including posting to another Internet site, is permitted without permission from the copyright owner (not AgEcon Search), or as allowed under the provisions of Fair Use, U.S. Copyright Act, Title 17 U.S.C.

# Commodity Promotion Policy

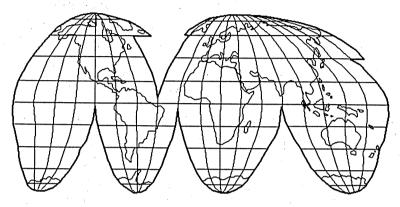


### in a Global Economy

Proceedings of a Symposium October 22-23, 1992

Arlington, Virginia

# Commodity Promotion Policy



### Global Economy

### **EDITED BY**

Walter J. Armbruster and John E. Lenz

### SPONSORED BY

NEC-63 Research Committee On Commodity Promotion Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA Economic Research Service, USDA Foreign Agricultural Service, USDA Farm Foundation

### **PUBLISHED BY**

Farm Foundation 1211 West 22nd Street Oak Brook, IL 60521-2197 1993

### DISCUSSION SUMMARY: A PROPOSED GENERIC COMMODITY PROMOTION RESEARCH AND EVALUATION CENTER

Henry W. Kinnucan Auburn University

Discussion began with the comment that the center proposal was "on the right track." It was suggested the center could serve as a locus for contracts that are let on evaluation. When asked to clarify the center's role in export promotion evaluation, Olan Forker responded that the center would conduct such evaluation, but the focus would be on economic research, not market researh per se.

Forker was then questioned as to the existence of similar structures in academia. He said that, compared to existing centers focused on other issues, a unique aspect of the one he is proposing is the inclusion of industry financial support as part of its core funding. The questioner then suggested that such a center could develop total research designs to encompass all aspects of commodity programs. He also suggested that NEC-63 do more "market research" to determine the potential demand for the services of such a center. When asked if the center would duplicate activities of other established centers, Forker said it would not.

Regarding funding, it was suggested the center be carefully structured so no public monies are used in evaluating individual commodity's programs. Forker agreed, stating that the challenge will be how to "straddle the line" between private and public contributions and the selection of research projects that serve the needs of both the commodity organization and the public.

At the close of the discussion, an audience member suggested that the Conservation Tillage Information Center, associated with Purdue University, might serve as a good model since it is funded by a combination of government and industry dollars. He also suggested the center should have an advisory group with industry representation.